



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/047,458	01/14/2002	Carl S. Brown	11532-036001	1033
7590 08/17/2005		EXAMINER		
PILLSBURY WINTHROP LLP			KASSA, YOSEF	
11685 EL CAMINO REAL SUITE 200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN DIEGO, (CA 92130		2625	
			DATE MAILED: 08/17/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/047,458	BROWN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	YOSEF KASSA	2625				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply	(10.00000000000000000000000000000000000					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a within the statutory minimum of th will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 Ap	oril 2005.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-13</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 14-19</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) \boxtimes The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 August 2003</u> is/are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
11) I he oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori	s have been received. s have been received in	Application No				
application from the International Bureau	•	rifeceived in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		t received.				
	•					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Preferences Cited (P10-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT0-948)	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Page 2

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, (pages 4-7) filed on April 11, 2005, with respect to claims 1-19 under Stettner et al. (U.S. Patent 5,501,096), in view of Jansson et al. (US Patent 4,760,385) have been fully considered and are persuasive.

Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made on Pailthorp et al. (U.S. Patent 4,941,082) and Smith et al. (US Patent 6,699,627), and further in view of Jansson et al. (US Patent 4,760,385).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pailthorp et al. (U.S. Patent 4,941,082), and further in view of Smith et al. (US Patent 6,699,627).

Regard to claim 1, Pailthorp discloses collecting calibration data (see Fig. 3, item 54);

determining the positioning and orthogonality errors from the calibration data (see col. 4, lines 51-63).

Art Unit: 2625

Paitthop does not explicitly call for creating a solution model based on positioning and orthogonality data. In the same field of endeavor, However, Smith teaches this feature (see col. 4, lines 22-27). At the time of the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching of Smith model data processing system into Pailthop system. The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to improve measurement accuracy reduces the need for cross calibration and allow direct interpretation after calibration file correction using the set reference values.

Regard to claim 2, Paitthop discloses further comprising modifying the position an image area based on the solution model (see col. 5, lines 1-7).

With regard to claim 3, Pailthop discloses further comprising modifying the positioning of a mechanical system to compensate for errors based on the solution model (see col. 5, lines 20-28).

With regard to claim 4, Pailthop discloses further comprising determining calibration data based on stepping data (see col. 5, lines 12-20).

With regard to claim 5, Pailthop discloses further comprising determining calibration data based on slide data using a reference slide (see col. 5, lines 28-35).

With regard to claim 6, Pailthop discloses further comprising determining calibration data based on sub-spot data (see col. 5, lines 12-20).

With regard to claim 7, Pailthop discloses further comprising determining calibration data based on absolute data (see col. 5, lines 6-12).

Art Unit: 2625

3. Claims 14-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al (US Patent 6,699,627) and Pailthorp et al (U.S. Patent 4,941,082), and further in view of Jansson et al (4,760,385).

With regard to claim 14, Smith discloses a staging area which moves relative to a camera (col. 4, lines 1-4);

a processor which collects positional and orthogonality calibration data from the staging area (see col. 4, lines 14-21),

wherein the processor creates an adjustment algorithm to modify movement of the staging area to compensate for the calibration data (see col. 6, lines 13-18).

Smith does not explicitly call for a plurality of specimens arranged within a scan area. However, in the same field of endeavor, Jansson teaches this feature (see col. 5, lines 5-12). At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to incorporate the teaching of Jansson's specimens scanning system into Smith image scanning system. The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have to scan specimens object for detecting a field of interest within the object plane.

With regard to claim 15, Smith discloses the calibration data is based on a bright spot within the scan area (see col. 19, lines 53-58).

With regard to claim 16, Smith discloses the staging area is positioned to collect a plurality of images, each of the plurality of images comprising a portion of the total desired image (see Fig. 11A and 11B).

Claim 17 is similarly analyzed and rejected the same as claim 16.

Art Unit: 2625

With regard to claim 18, Smith discloses wherein the calibration data is obtained without the use of a reference slide (see col. 4, lines 1-6).

With regard to claim 18, Smith discloses wherein the calibration data is obtained with the use of a reference slide (see col. 4, lines 28-32).

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 8-13 allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance. The closest prior art of record failed to teach or suggest, applying the adjustment parameters to position a first portion of the plurality of specimens within a scan area, obtaining an image of the first portion of the plurality of specimens, applying the adjustment parameters to position a second portion of the plurality of specimens within a scan area, obtaining an image of the second portion of the plurality of specimens, and combining the image of the first portion and the image of the second portion to create the image of the plurality of specimens. Therefore, in combination with all the other limitations claims 18-13 are allowable.

Other Prior Art Cited

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US Patent No. (5365074) to Genovese discloses apparatus for determining registration of imaging members.

Art Unit: 2625

US Patent No. (5354992 to Thompson et al discloses tilt compensated error correcting system.

US Patent No. (5446545) to Taylor discloses method of and apparatus for calibrating machines...

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to YOSEF KASSA whose telephone number is (703) 306-5918. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:00 AM to 6:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, BHAVESH MEHTA can be reached on (703) 308-5246. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300 for regular communication and (571) 273-8300 for after Final communications.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

Art Unit: 2625

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-

free).

PATENT EXAMINER

Yosef Kassa

07/27/05.

SANJIV SHAH PRIMARY EXAMINER